

Security Risks: Myths, memes and scientific evidence

“GenAI tools produce (more) vulnerable code?”

Bert Lagaisse

GitHub CoPilot

1689 programs generated

40% vulnerable

- CWE-787: Out-of-bounds Write
 - sprintf in C
- CWE-79: Improper Neutralization of Input
 - Cross side scripting
 - SQL Injection
- CWE-416: Use After Free
 - C: malloc(), free()
- CWE-476: NULL Pointer Dereference.
 - Null check after malloc()
- CWE-798: Use of Hard-coded Credentials.
 - E.g. for database connections
- CWE-522: Insufficiently Protected Credentials.
 - MD5 or 1 round SHA hash for passwords

2022 IEEE Symposium on Security and Privacy (SP)

Asleep at the Keyboard? Assessing the Security of GitHub Copilot's Code Contributions

Hammond Pearce	Baleegh Ahmad	Benjamin Tan	Brendan Dolan-Gavitt	Ramesh Karri
Department of ECE	Department of ECE	Department of ESE	Department of CSE	Department of ECE
New York University	New York University	University of Calgary	New York University	New York University
Brooklyn, NY, USA	Brooklyn, NY, USA	Calgary, Alberta, CA	Brooklyn, NY, USA	Brooklyn, NY, USA
hammond.pearce@nyu.edu	ba1283@nyu.edu	benjamin.tan1@ucalgary.ca	brendandg@nyu.edu	rkarri@nyu.edu

Assessing the Security of GitHub Copilot's Generated Code - A Targeted Replication Study

Vahid Majdinasab*, Michael Joshua Bishop[†], Shawn Rasheed[‡], Arghavan Moradidakhel*, Amjed Tahir[†], Foutse Khomh*

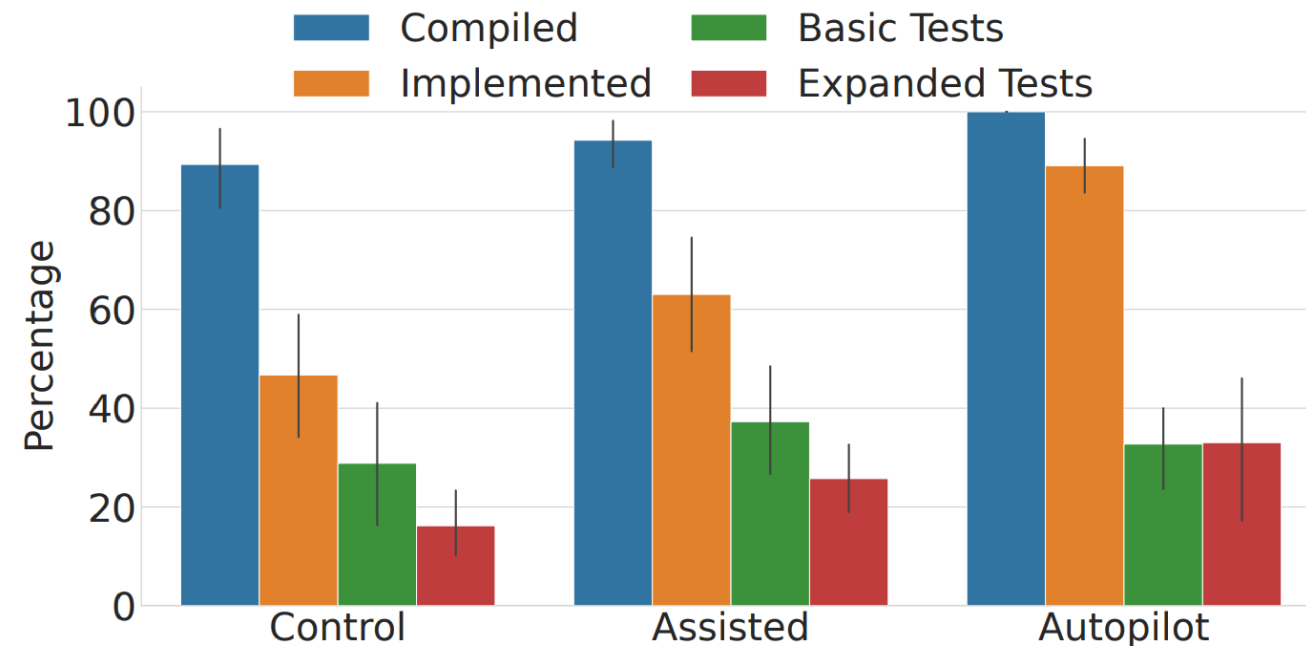
- 2024 replication study
- Vulnerable code suggestions reduced from 40% to 27%

Lost at C: A User Study on the Security Implications of Large Language Model Code Assistants

Sandoval, G., Pearce, H., Nys, T., Karri, R., Garg, S., & Dolan-Gavitt, B. (2023).

User study

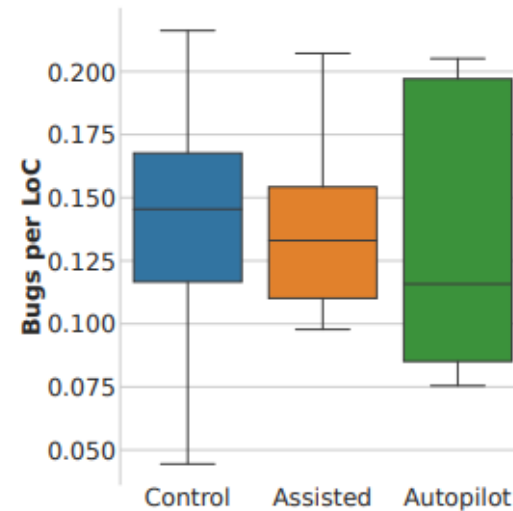
- Evaluate the security of code
- 58 student programmers
- Programming tasks in C
- Randomly assignment to LLM-assisted or control group



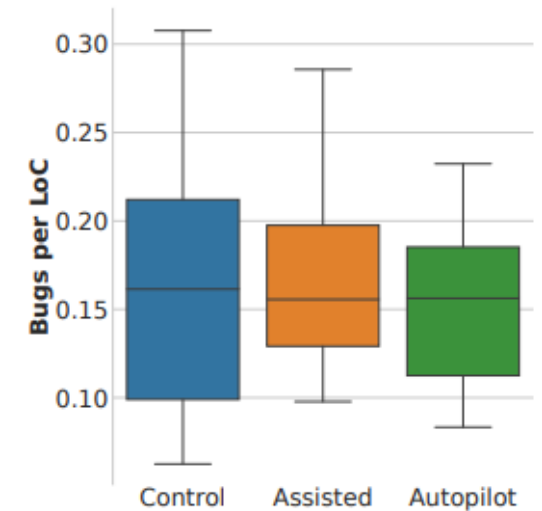
- Control Group: 14% of code segments contained security vulnerabilities.
- LLM-Assisted Group: 16% of code segments contained security vulnerabilities.
- Not significant enough to draw any real conclusions

Lost at C: Vulnerability Rate and Severity

- **Control Group:** Majority of vulnerabilities were low-severity (e.g., memory leaks, format string vulnerabilities).
- **LLM-Assisted Group:** Distribution of vulnerability severity remained similar to the control group.
- Control group has both the best and worst programmer



(a) **CWEs/LoC** over compiling functions.

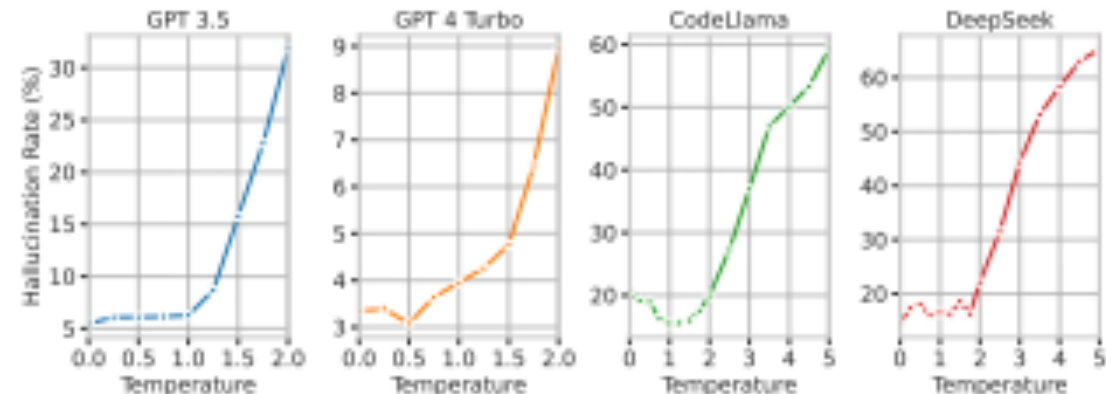
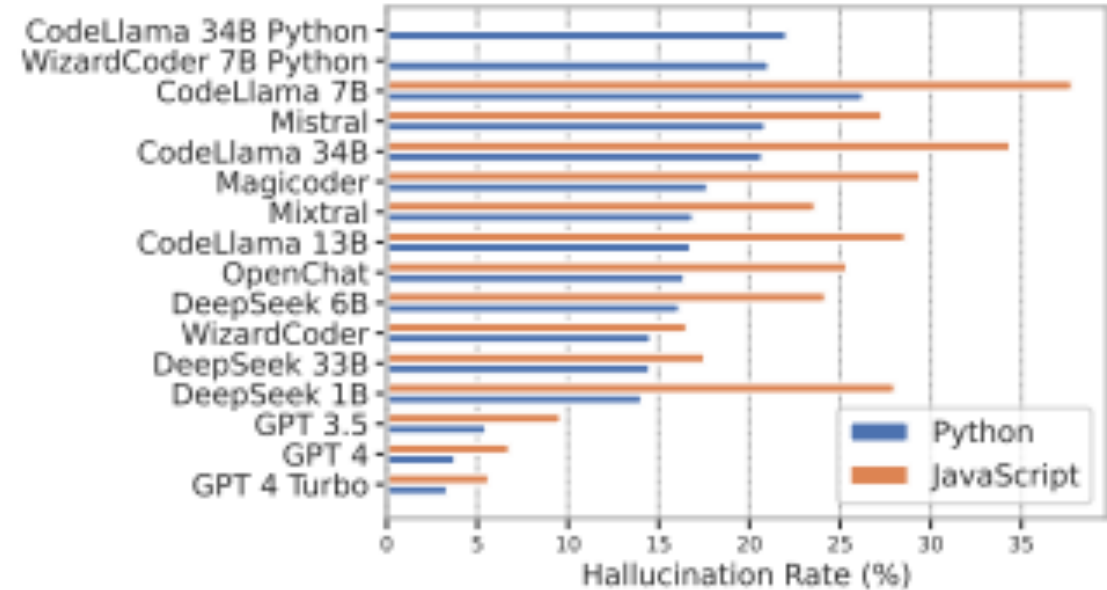
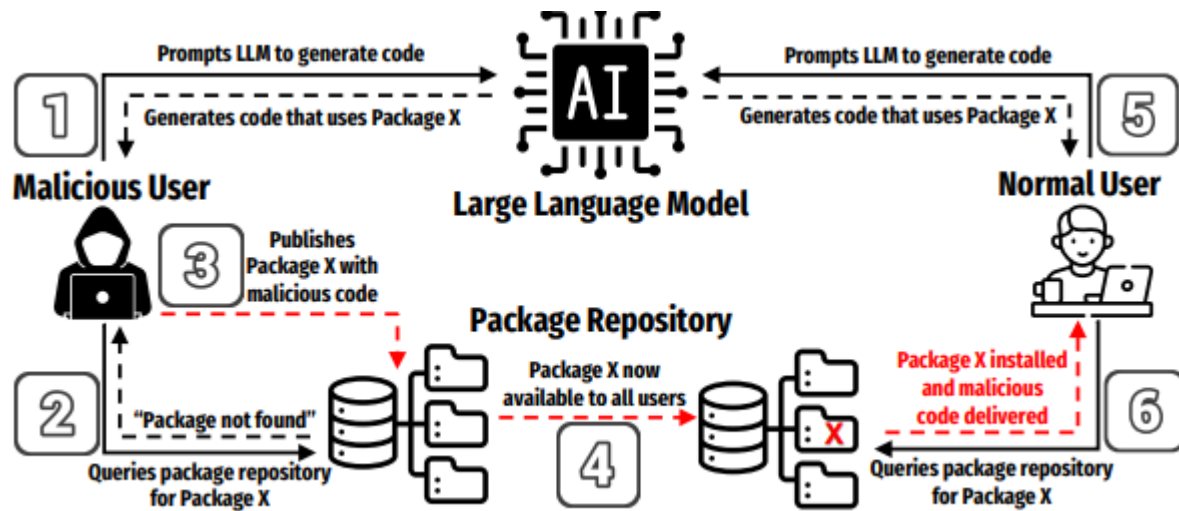


(b) **CWEs/LoC** over functions that pass unit test.

We Have a Package for You!

Another interesting paper

- A Comprehensive Analysis of Package Hallucinations by Code Generating LLMs
- Joseph Spracklen University of Texas at San Antonio



I vibe coded two-factor account verification

Account Verification

We have just sent the code **435841** to your phone number: xxx-xxx-8247

Please enter the code below to access your account:

A critical analysis of LLM-based code-generation for online services

Adoption and security assessment

Iteration 1: 2023-2024

Iteration 2: 2026

Pia Löwe

Lowie Peelaers

Bert Lagaisse

ChatGPT ?

- “how to validate incoming token in C# web api ?”
- It compiles.
- It works.
- However...

```
using System.IdentityModel.Tokens.Jwt;
using System.Security.Claims;
//..
public bool ValidateToken(string tokenString, string secretKey)
{
    var tokenHandler = new JwtSecurityTokenHandler();
    var key = Encoding.ASCII.GetBytes(secretKey);

    try
    {
        tokenHandler.ValidateToken(tokenString, new TokenValidationParameters
        {
            ValidateIssuerSigningKey = true,
            IssuerSigningKey = new SymmetricSecurityKey(key),
            ValidateIssuer = false,
            ValidateAudience = false,
            ClockSkew = TimeSpan.Zero
        }, out SecurityToken validatedToken);
        return true;
    }
    catch
    {
        return false;
    }
}
```


A 2024 study on generating secure online services with LLMs

Code generation

 ChatGPT

 GitHub Copilot

Web Frameworks

 Flask

 spring boot

Static scanners

 snyk



	GPT		GIC	
	Functionally correct execution	Able to fix error	Functionally correct execution	Able to fix error
Neutral formulation	N	N	N	N
Security focused formulation	N	N	N	N
Enterprise-ready focused formulation	N	N	N	N

User prompt variants for full implementation generation:
Write an **enterprise-ready fully working** REST API implementation using Flask *including JWT authorization*. The API should have at least 1 protected endpoint.

Complete existing code base:
Could you further **implement the validateToken function** so that it returns true if the token is valid and false if it is not

>  FI_GIC_1	0	C	6	H	1	M	0	L	...
>  FI_GIC_2	0	C	6	H	1	M	0	L	...
>  FI_GIC_3	0	C	5	H	1	M	0	L	...
>  FI_GPT_1	0	C	3	H	2	M	0	L	...
>  FI_GPT_2	0	C	3	H	1	M	0	L	...
>  FI_GPT_3	0	C	6	H	1	M	0	L	...

Python with Flask (ChatGPT)

Chat GPT										
		PT AI				Snyk				
		Poor logging practice	Leftover Debug Code	Cross-Site Scripting CWE-79	Transitive dependency vulnerabilities	Cross-Site Request Forgery CWE-352	Use of Hardcoded Credentials CWE-798 CWE-259	Origin Validation Error CWE-942 CWE-346	Hardcoded Secret CWE-547	Transitive dependency vulnerabilities
Full implementation	Neutral formulation	-	1	-	2	1	1	-	-	2
	Security focused formulation	-	1	-	2	1	-	-	-	3
	Enterprise-ready focused formulation	-	1	-	2	1	-	-	3	3
Code completion	(OS) Create token	**2	**1	**2	**29	**1	-	**1	-	**113
	(OS) Validate token	**2	**1	**2	**29	**1	-	**1	-	**113
Error correction	Implementation error 1	**2	**1	**2	**29	**1	-	**1	-	**113
	Implementation error 2	**2	**1	**2	**29	**1	-	**1	-	**113
	Exact error code	**2	**1	**2	**29	**1	-	**1	-	**113

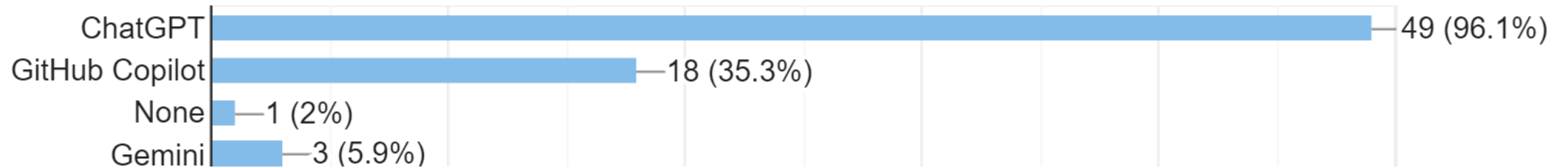
Java with Springboot (Copilot)

GitHub Copilot										
		PT AI					Snyk			
		Poor logging practice	Leftover Debug Code	Use of Hard-coded Password	Cross-Site Scripting CWE-79	Transitive dependency vulnerabilities	Cross-Site Request Forgery CWE-352	Origin Validation Error CWE-942 CWE-346	Hardcoded Secret CWE-547	Transitive dependency vulnerabilities
Full implementation	Neutral formulation	-	1	1	-	2	1	-	2	4
	Security focused formulation	-	1	1	-	2	1	-	2	4
	Enterprise-ready focused formulation	-	1	1	-	2	1	-	2	3
Code completion	(OS) Create token	**2	**1	-	**2	**29	**1	**1	-	**113
	(OS) Validate token	**2	**1	-	**2	**29	**1	**1	-	**113
Error correction	Implementation error 1	**2	**1	-	**2	**29	**1	**1	-	**113
	Implementation error 2	**2	**1	-	**2	**29	**1	**1	-	**113
	Exact error code	**2	**1	-	**2	**29	**1	**1	-	**113

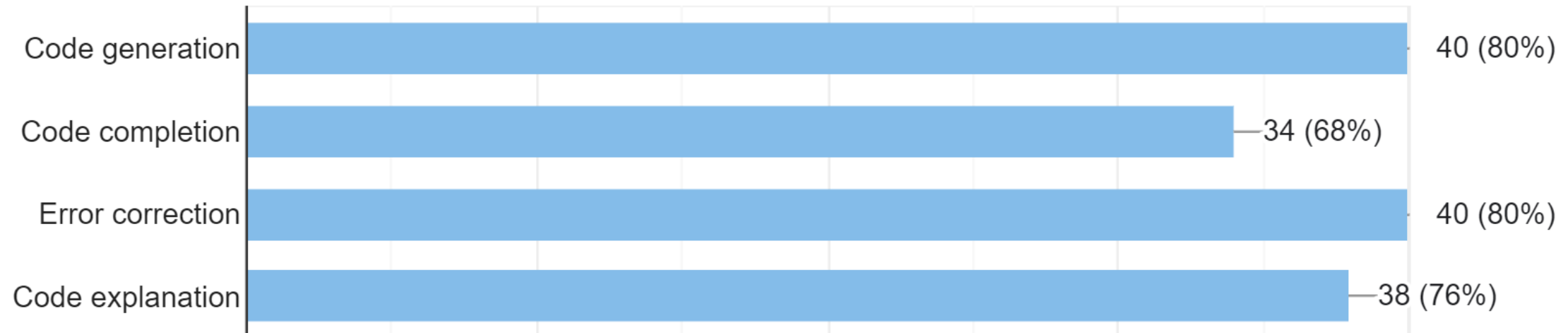
A survey on 50 junior devs (2024)



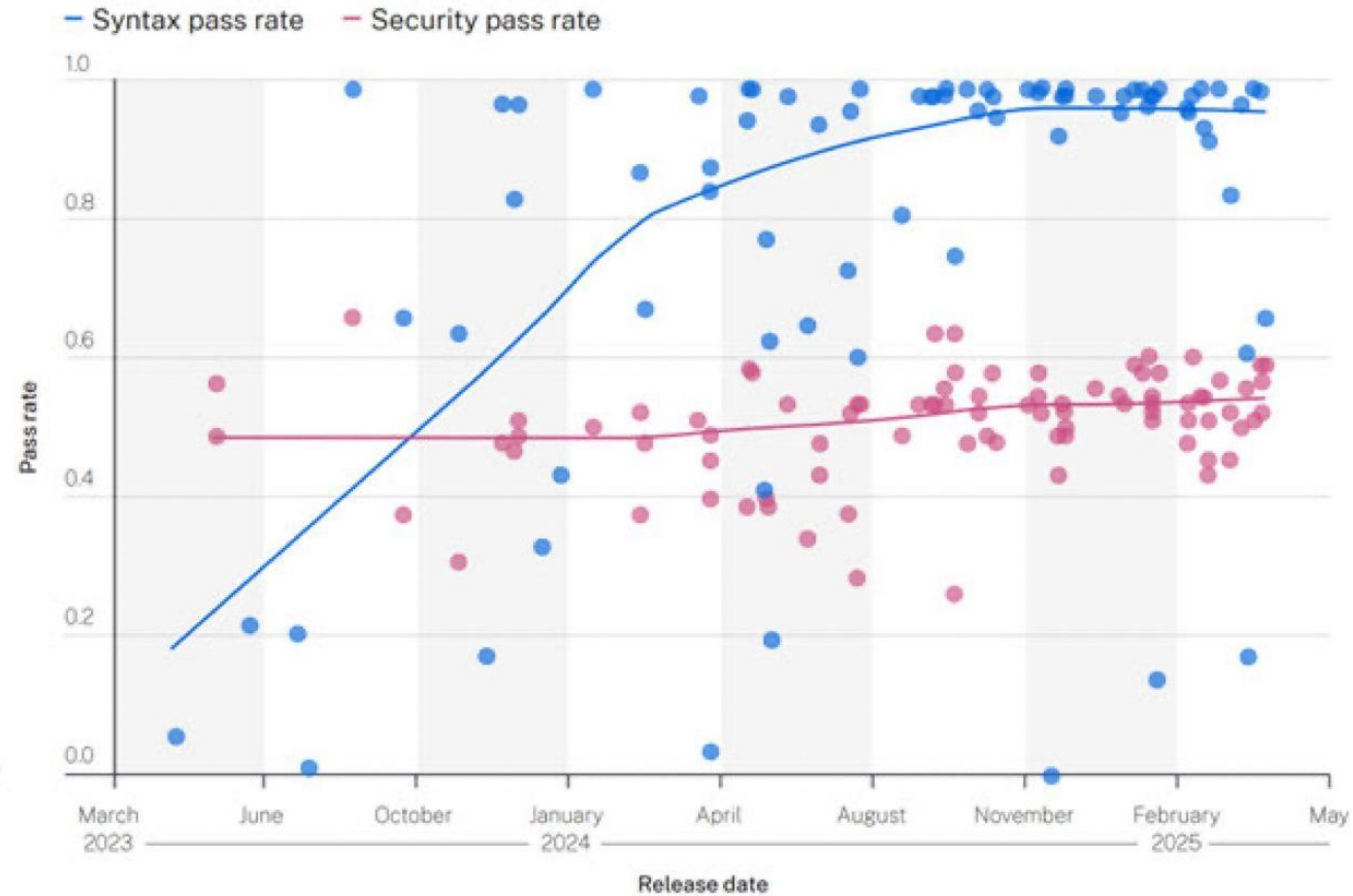
- Do people use code assistants? What code assistants do they use?



- What tasks do people use code assistants for?



Syntax correctness vs security pass rate



45%

of AI-generated code
introduces a known
security flaw.

*Across 80 coding tasks, 4 languages, and 100+ models. When given a choice between secure and insecure idioms, **models picked insecure 45% of the time.***

And here's the unflattering part:

security performance has not improved as models got smarter.

Source: Veracode 2025 GenAI Code Security Report

Secrets get hardcoded into AI-generated code.

GitGuardian's State of Secrets Sprawl, 2026 edition.

28.65M

new secrets in public GitHub in 2025

Up 34% on the previous year.

+81%

surge in AI-service credential leaks

OpenAI / Anthropic / cloud-ML keys, year over year.

2×

leak rate for AI-assisted commits

3.2% vs 1.6% for human-only commits.

Why: agents read your repo to understand context. .env files, fixtures, configs — they ingest, then echo.

Securing a C# rest service with token-based authorization in 2026

Secure online services with GenAI?

First workshop in June 2026

FOCUS: token-based authorization

- “Add token-based authorization to a RESTful online service”.
 - In-app authentication (passwords!)
 - IAM-aas (Auth0)
- Github Copilot and Claude Code
- Models used:
 - GPT4o
 - GPT5-mini
 - Haiku 4.5
 - Sonnet 4.6
 - Opus 4.5,4.6,4.7

Format of the workshop

- General introduction to appropriate token based access control
- Overview of the key results
- Hackathon
 - Authorize a rest service yourself
 - Choose your own method
 - Bring your own subscription(s)
- Lunch or Evening ?

GPT4o

Sneakpreview

- The following changes were made:
 - Configured JWT authentication in Program.cs.
 - Secured the WeatherForecastController with the **[Authorize]** attribute.
 - Added an AuthController to handle user login and token generation.

```
public class AuthController : ControllerBase {
    [HttpPost("login")]
    public IActionResult Login([FromBody] LoginRequest request)
    {
        if (request.Username == "test" && request.Password == "password") {
            var token = GenerateJwtToken(request.Username);
            return Ok(new { token });
        }
        return Unauthorized();
    }
    private string GenerateJwtToken(string username) {
        var claims = new[] {
            new Claim(JwtRegisteredClaimNames.Sub, username),
            new Claim(ClaimTypes.Role, username == "admin" ? "Admin" : "User"),
            new Claim(JwtRegisteredClaimNames.Jti, Guid.NewGuid().ToString());
        };

        var key = new SymmetricSecurityKey(Encoding.UTF8.GetBytes("yourSecretKey"));
        var creds = new SigningCredentials(key, SecurityAlgorithms.HmacSha256);

        var token = new JwtSecurityToken(
            issuer: "yourIssuer",
            audience: "yourAudience",
            claims: claims,
            expires: DateTime.Now.AddMinutes(30),
            signingCredentials: creds);

        return new JwtSecurityTokenHandler().WriteToken(token);
    }
}
```